**Sociology Textbook (Crime Unit)**

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| *When you are in college, you will often have large textbooks that you will be using. It is important to know how to read and use these textbooks in order to be successful, so we will do some practice in Advanced B with a sociology textbook. The topic for our research paper is ‘Crime’ and that is a topic covered in sociology classes. \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\**  **Please follow the following steps.**   1. Go to the Advanced B RWG website. <http://iecadvbrwg.weebly.com/> 2. Download the file ‘Sociology\_Textbook’ and answer the questions below. Just write key words from the book. (i.e. you do not need to paraphrase) |

1. Look at the cover. Who is the author?
2. Look at the brief contents.
   1. How many parts are there?
   2. How many units are there?
   3. What unit is about crime?
   4. What’s it called?
3. What is one other units that looks interesting to you? Why? What would you want to learn?
4. Look at the Contents pages.
   1. What unit is the topic of “Prejudice” in?
   2. What unit is the topic of “Global Inequality” in?
   3. What unit is the topic of “Native Americans” in?
   4. What unit is the topic “Inequality in the United States” in?
5. Read the section “What is Deviance?”
   1. Give a definition of deviance.
   2. Give at least two examples of deviance.
   3. Is all deviance bad? Why or why not?
   4. Read the first paragraph of “The Social Construction of Deviance.” Is deviance the same in all cultures? Explain.
6. Look at the glossary (in the back)
   1. What is the definition of sociology?
   2. What is the definition of a victimless crime?
   3. Find one more word in the glossary and its meaning.
7. Look at the section “Crime Classifications and Statistics” and answer the following questions.
   1. What is a felony?
   2. What is a misdemeanor?
   3. What percent of arrests in 2006 were for drug abuse? (See chart)
   4. What is an example of a violent crime?
   5. What is an example of a property crime?
   6. What is corporate crime?
   7. What is organized crime?
   8. What are some examples of typical activities in organized crime?
   9. What is an example of a political crime?
   10. Look at ‘Crime Statistics.’ Why is it that many victims of robbery or assault do not report the crimes?
   11. What is the purpose of terrorism?
   12. What percent of robberies and murders were committed by men? By women?
   13. At what age are people most likely to commit crimes?
   14. What types of crimes do people from the upper wealthy classes tend to commit? Are they more or less likely to be arrested and convicted?
   15. Which racial group is most likely to be victims of violent crimes?
8. Look at the section, “The Criminal Justice System, and answer the questions.
   1. Which group is responsible for enforcing laws and investigating crimes?
   2. Which group files charges and seeks indictments (= guilty verdicts)?
   3. What percentage of crimes is resolved by plea bargains? What is a plea bargain?
   4. What are the four main goals of punishment? What does each mean?
9. Look through any part of the crime sections and write at least four more interesting facts about crime in the U.S.